

# PTL Operations, OH&S and Maintenance Manual

Your Portable Traffic Lights are a compact lightweight trailer set. As such correct operation for Set-up and Take-down procedure is essential. Please ensure this manual is read and understood before attempting to operate the Data Signs' Portable Traffic Lights (PTL).

Set-up, Take-down and Maintenance requirements of the PTL is covered by this Manual.

The PTL Controller User Manual is the second section in this booklet.



#### **CAUTION:**

The Data Sign Portable Traffic Lights should only be operated by qualified traffic managers.

If you have hired out this PTL, contact the Hire Company for assistance.



# **PTL dimensions**

When towing the PTL's, bridges and other low obstacles may be encountered. Keep the following heights in mind when towing and setting up.

Towing height: Raised height: 2150 mm 2850 mm





# Separating and Joining the Front and Rear Trailers

OH&S: Wear PPE when working with the PTL's.

#### How to Correctly Separate Trailers.

- 1. Undo safety chains that hold the trailers together. Lift up locking bars.
- 2. On Rear Trailer, pull out rear jack stands, rotate all jack stands and lower 25mm from ground.
- Uncouple front trailer from towing vehicle, then lower and use both jockey wheels to level trailers in a straight line with each other. Rear trailer jockey wheel must face inwards.
- 4. Pull out locking pin
- 5. Use Link switch to engage actuator to push apart.

#### How to Correctly Join Trailers.

- 1. Use jockey wheels (rear wheel facing outwards) to level trailers.
- 2. Insert drawbar on rear trailer into coupling point on front trailer.
- 3. When rear drawbar is below locking pin, place pin back in.
- Push down actuator arm and use Link switch to pull trailers together.
- 5. Ensure safety chains are looped through chassis on left and right, and secured. Adjust locking bars and lock down.







DEO DEMONSTRATION

# Setting up the PTL Trailer Once Located on Site



1. Rotate the trailer to ensure the Traffic Lights face the oncoming traffic.

When positioning the trailer, ensure solar panels are never going to be in the shade during the course of the day.



 Always fully pull out the rear Jackstand Extenders. Wind down all four Jackstands to level the trailer. Raise to allow the wheels to <u>spin freely</u>, which stops the unit moving in windy conditions. A drill adaptor bit for the quick setup of Jackstands is also supplied.





3. The Control box contains the Hoist UP/DOWN switch.

**CAUTION:** Check to ensure there are no obstructions overhead as the Traffic Light is raised.

Push the Hoist switch to the  $\underline{\sf UP}$  position to raise the Traffic Light.

4. Pull the wheel chains through the wheel and padlock to secure.

Data Signs recommends securing the Control box and Wheel chains with good-quality locks.



5. Turn the Controller on by turning the key-switch to the ON position.



To ensure the PTL is set-up correctly for the site, refer to the second section of this booklet.



# Portable Traffic Lights — Maintenance

This section details the PTL maintenance procedures. It is important that your PTL's are regularly maintained to make certain that your PTL is in continued working order. Note: The Warranty associated with your PTL may be voided if ad-hoc repairs outside the scope of this maintenance section are attempted.

#### **Solar Panels**

Keeping the Solar panels clean will ensure they are providing as much energy to charge the battery as possible. To clean the Solar panels, ensure the PTL mast is lowered and that the Jackstands are lowered and extenders fully out.

With a damp and soapy cloth, clean each of the panels, or hose them down (see General Cleaning notes). The solar panels should be cleaned periodically since they can quickly become dusty.

#### **Battery & Circuit Breakers**

#### 12V, 135 AH AGM SEALED BATTERY

Battery Dimensions (approximate): 331 W x 213 H x 173 L mm

**CAUTION:** LEAD ACID BATTERIES CAN PRODUCE FLAMMABLE GASES WHILE CHARGING. NO NAKED FLAME SHOULD BE ALLOWED NEAR THE PTL'S. TAKE CARE WHEN OPENING AND CLOSING THE BATTERY BOX LID. USE TWO HANDS.



Before attempting any maintenance work on your PTL batteries, make sure the PTL is not in the sun and that it is located in a well ventilated area.

- Remove the fuses.
- Re instate fuses afterwards.
- All fuses are normally 25Amp

Corrosion inhibitor lacquer has been applied to the battery terminals, if replacing battery, use the same after installation to maintain this protection.

If replacing the battery, use the same rating and type of batteries.

Notes for Undercover storage: Storage outside is recommended so the battery can maintain charge via the solar array. If storing the trailer undercover for a long-term, unplug the SIGN SUPPLY fuse. Please be aware that the battery will drain over time; therefore fitting a battery charger is recommended.



#### **Trailer Wheels and Wheel Bearings**

Regularly check the tyre pressure. At the same time check tyre condition and that the wheel nuts are tight. After a few months of use have a qualified mechanic check. Grease the wheel bearings every 12 months under normal operating conditions. More frequently for adverse/ harsh road or operating conditions. Further, check after having travelled 1500 km.

| Torque setting for wheel nuts: | 65ibs.ft or 90Nm |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Tyre Pressure for PTLs:        | 50 psi           |

Ensure wheel nuts are tightened according to manufacturer specifications for this trailers' tyre size. If unsure, contact your local mechanic. 13" wheel size, Ford stud pattern.

#### **General Cleaning**



The lights and trailer can be hosed. <u>No abrasive solvents or thinners can</u> be used anywhere on the PTL.

Take care when hosing down the Control Box that water ingress does not occur.



#### Charging the optional Remote Control

The Remote Control is charged from within the Control box on the front trailer only.

Plug the Remote charging cable into the remote. The green LED on the remote will come on to indicate it is charging.



#### **Battery Charger,** *optional*

A separate Battery Charger User Manual is provided if a battery charger is fitted.

The slot on the control box allows the 240V cable to feed through. The slot holds the cable in place when the shelf and lid is down.

To charge the battery, plug the power cable into 240V Mains power. Ensure the charger is turned on.



It will normally charge the battery from a 25% charged condition to fully charged within 20 hours.



# Tow Coupling Adjustment

Adjust the tow coupling to fit snugly onto the tow ball of the towing vehicle to improve tow ride. This adjustment is not completed during manufacture as each vehicle tow ball may be a slightly different diameter due to wear or other factors. In Australia, the tow coupling is designed to fit a 50mm ball. Flathead screw driver and shifter required. This is a guide only, please view the disclaimer at the end of the document.





CORRECT HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT IS MADE BY ADJUSTING THE TOW COUPLING HEIGHT ON THE DRAW BAR ITSELF USING THE REMOVABLE PINS AS SHOWN ABOVE.





#### **Adjusting the Tow Coupling**

- 1. Fit the tow coupling to the vehicle and lock in place. Raise the jockey wheel.
- 2. Release the locking nut.
- 3. Undo the locking nut to give some leeway.
- 4. Using a flat-head screw driver on the slot on top of the pinbolt, turn until tight, and then loosen very slightly. This will pull the coupling forward onto the tow ball and grip it.
- 5. Check that you can still unhook the coupling without too much effort, but maintaining a tight fit on the tow ball when attached. Use the jockey wheel to assist if required.
- 6. Hold the Pin-bold with the screwdriver and then tighten the locking nut firmly with a shifter.





# PTL 300 Controller QuickStart Guide

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**Operating as Type-2** (Control possible via Main controller or Optional Remote)



PTL Controller



Optional Remote or Bluetooth Remote using Phone App.

This QuickStart Guide covers the PTL Controller Operation as per Australian Standards AS- 4191:2015 and Various State Authority requirements. For Advanced Features, download the Portable Traffic Lights Advanced Features Document from datasigns.com. au - this covers the additional sections as follows:

- 1. Additional operational modes. Gating Mode, 3 way, 4 way ect.
- 2. Additional features, Radio Link explained, Internet control operation, Pedestrian crossing, Boom gates, troubleshooting guide, ect.

Ensure the units are setup as described in the first section of this booklet, *PTL Operations, OH&S and Maintenance Manual*.

This User Manual applies to Controllers operating on firmware 06.03.xx or later.



THE PORTABLE TRAFFIC LIGHTS SHOULD ONLY BE OPERATED BY QUALIFIED TRAFFIC MANAGERS.



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# Turning the Controllers On



Both Controllers are fitted with **ON/OFF key-switches** for security reasons.

As shown, insert the right-side key and turn the switch to the **ON** position for both units.

The POWER light will come on and the Controllers will begin the start-up sequence.

The controllers will begin to establish a radio link as indicated by the **TX** and **RX** lights.

Both the units will show flashing yellow lights and progress to showing RED lights during this process.

The Controllers will complete a self-diagnosis and check any connected external equipment such as the *optional* vehicle detectors.

The status of the external equipment will be shown on the display panel of the Master Controller.

During Start-up, the display on the Master will show the time remaining in seconds for start-up to complete.

**SHUTTLE** or **PLANT CROSSING** Control is selected with the left side key-switch.

The controllers will start up in the last selected mode if this key position was not changed since last use. If **PROGRAM** selection is activated with the left key-switch, the Controller will wait for further input and all connected traffic lights will display Flashing Yellow.

For safe operation, remove the keys after the PTL units have been setup and are operating.





Enter **PROGRAM** selection by using the left key-switch on the Controller which then allows you to set the operational MODE for **Shuttle** or **Plant Crossing**.

To select all other controller programmable functions, use the Up 🚹 or Down 🦊

buttons to scroll through the MENU selection, then press the ENTER Button to select the MENU item.

Press the PROGRAM MENU button to exit the selected MENU.

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## QUICK START

This menu item is used to get your PTL set up in a few simple steps:

- 1. Select 0 for Master or 1 (or higher) for Slave.
- 2. Select the RF Channel or press ENTER to keep current channel.
- 3. Press OPERATION or use 🚹 to select TEST Mode.
- If OPERATION, enter the work site length, followed by site speed and finally the time which to set the lights on GREEN. (for SLAVE you only need to set the site length.)
- 5. Then set the Key switch to select Shuttle or Plant Crossing operation.
- 6. Select AUTO, DEMAND or MANUAL YELSW (AND)

The current MODE setting is shown on the top display line in between square brackets, i.e. [AUTO] as per above display screen.

- **AUTO (TIMED)** AUTO MODE of operation. *For this Manual, AUTO will always mean (Automatic Timed Mode).*
- **DEMAND** is Vehicle-actuated MODE of operation. Vehicle detectors MUST be fitted. *For this Manual, DEMAND will always mean Vehicle-actuated.*
- **MANUAL** is Manual MODE of operation.
- **YELLOW FLASH** is Flashing Yellow MODE of operation.

For more detailed programming of any of these items see the Advance Functions Document.

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# Controller Display Screens for Master and Slave

**Master ID=0** The following values will be shown on the display panel during normal operation



**First line:** Master Battery Voltage, GSM status. Right side, Slave Battery Voltage. & Signal Strength

Second line: Current MODE in use.

**Third line:** Control Type (i.e. *SHTL:2* and alternates with AUTO Return Type *AR:RED*, *AR:GRN*, *AR:OFF*). Right side, Current light sequence

**Fourth line:** Current time if GSM module fitted, current RF Channel, or other communication Mode

Right side, Current state remaining time

Slave ID=1 (up to slave 5) The following values will be shown during normal operation:

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First line: The ID of this unit. Right side, current Battery Voltage.

Second line: RF Channel set on this unit.

**Third line:** The Serial Number of the Master Controller this unit (Slave) is connected to. **Fourth line:** The current RF timeout value. If this starts to count down there are interruptions to the RF communications. For more information regarding the radio link, see the Radio Link Explained in the PTL Advance Features Document.



# Shuttle Control – Single-Lane Usage

Shuttle Control is a form of traffic control used where a portion of the roadway is closed so that only a single lane can be used alternatively by traffic from opposite directions. Only one Portable Traffic Light unit can show the Green signal phase at any time; either the Master or the Slave. The diagram below illustrates the traffic control scenario where Shuttle control would typically be used.

Note: This diagram should not be used as a guideline for setting up a roadwork site, it is provided as an example only.



Each PTL unit will go to the Green signal phase in turn, with the All Red sequence in between each green phase. See Appendix 1 for more details.

Shuttle Control is active while the left key-switch on the Master Controller is in the SHUTTLE position. Each operating mode using Shuttle Control is described in more detail on the following page.



#### SHUTTLE: MANUAL MODE.



Manual mode is used when an operator wants to control the traffic. On start-up, both the Master and Slave will rest on All-Red phase until a demand for Green phase is entered.

To enter a demand for either Red or Green phase, press the **STOP** or **GO** buttons.



**PTL Remote Screen** 



Master / Slave Controller

#### Shuttle Control, Manual mode example:

- 1. Slave unit is currently showing the Green signal phase.
- 2. Master: GO button is pressed.
- 3. If the Minimum Green time has expired, the Slave will cycle immediately to Yellow and then Red. If the Minimum Green time has not expired, the Master DEMAND LED will flash.
- 4. Once the Minimum Green time has expired, the Slave will cycle to Yellow and then Red. *The DEMAND LED will turn off once demand has been met.*
- 5. Both Master and Slave now show Red signal phase for the pre-set All-Red interval.
- 6. The Master then cycles to Green **and remains on Green** until a Slave **GO** or a Master **STOP** button is pressed, the sequence can then be repeated.
- 7. If Auto Return is set, the light will return back to Red or Green on the Master.

In Manual mode the signal phases can remain indefinitely on Green/Red, Red/Green or All-Red.



#### SHUTTLE: AUTO MODE

IT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT THAT THE ALL-RED INTERVAL IS SET CORRECTLY FOR EACH TRAFFIC CONTROL SITUATION.

Buttons available for HOLD-RED/RESUME feature:



In AUTO mode, the Portable Traffic Lights will operate in cyclic order according to the pre-set times.

#### PAUSE - HOLD ALL-RED / RESUME

While in AUTO Mode, the operator can Pause and (hold) on All-Red. Press the **STOP** button to hold All-Red for as long as required. The display will show 'PAUSING'. To resume the AUTO mode, press the **GO** button.

#### **SHUTTLE: DEMAND MODE**

(optional vehicle detectors must be fitted) Buttons available to introduce artificial demands:



For DEMAND mode to operate, the optional Vehicle Detector must be fitted to each Portable Traffic Light unit. A "NO VEHICLE DETECTOR" message will appear on the Master Controller display if no vehicle detector is attached and the DEMAND mode is selected.

The vehicle detector is preset to detect and create a DEMAND signal when vehicles approach the Portable Traffic Light at speeds between 10 km/h and 80 km/h. However, this can be changed, using the UNIT SETTINGS menu on both the Master and Slave units.

See also SUB-MENU: **OPERATING SETTINGS - DEMAND CYCLE** 

#### **REAR BEACON LAMP**

When enabled, the Beacon Lamps mounted behind the lights flash when the Red Light is ON.

This acts as a visual indicator to the Traffic controller that the Light is on Red, it also serves as a 'caution light' to oncoming traffic.



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# Plant-Crossing Control (2-Way)

Plant-Crossing control is used to enable both directions of traffic flow along a roadway to be simultaneously stopped, e.g. to allow road construction vehicles to cross. The diagram below illustrates Plant-Crossing control usage.

Note: This diagram should not be used as a guideline for setting up a roadwork site, it is only provided as an example.



Plant-Crossing Control is active while the left key-switch is in the **PLANT CROSSING** position on the Master Controller. Change the operating Mode for plant crossing control by going into **PROGRAM** Mode with the key switch.

Normally, the operator would use a Remote Control to change the Master and Slave units to the Red signal phase when a plant vehicle requires thoroughfare.

#### **REAR BEACON LAMP**

When enabled, the Beacon Lamps mounted behind the lights flash on each unit when the Red Lights are ON. This acts as a visual indicator to the Plant (vehicles) Crossing the road that it is safe to do so.



#### PLANT CROSSING: MANUAL MODE.



On start-up, both the Master and Slave will rest on Green signal phase for Plant-Crossing Control until a demand for Red signal is entered by the operator.

The operator can enter a demand for All-Red signal using either the Master: **STOP** or Slave: **STOP** buttons. Both the Master and Slave units will then cycle to Yellow and the Red signal.

To change back to Green signal, either the Master: **GO** or Slave: **GO** button is pressed. When the All-Red time has expired, the lights will cycle back to the Green signal.



PTL Remote Screen



Master / Slave Controller

#### Plant-Crossing Control, Manual mode example:

- 1. Both the Master and Slave are on the Green signal phase.
- 2. Either the Master: **STOP** or Slave: **STOP** buttons are pressed.
- 3. If the Minimum-Green time has expired *both* the Master and Slave will cycle immediately to Yellow and then to Red. Otherwise if the Green time has not expired the DEMAND LED's will flash.
- 4. Once the Green time has expired, the Master and Slave will cycle to Yellow and then Red. The DEMAND LED will turn off once the demand has been met.
- 5. Both the Master and Slave now show Red for the preset All-Red interval.
- 6. If the Auto-Return option is enabled and set to Green, the Master and Slave will cycle back to Green signal phase automatically after the All-Red interval has expired.

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#### **PLANT CROSSING: AUTO MODE**

In AUTO mode, the Portable Traffic Lights will operate in cyclic order according to the preset times. AUTO mode allows plant vehicles to regularly cross over the road, or to turn onto the road. This would suit sites with heavy plant traffic.

#### **PLANT CROSSING: DEMAND MODE**

You can use Vehicle sensors fitted with swivel adaptors to detect traffic from the side roads to allow for DEMAND activated operation. When a demand is detected both lights will cycle to RED and then return back to GREEN after the RED Programmed time interval.

#### PAUSE - HOLD ALL-RED / RESUME

While in AUTO Mode, the operator can Pause and (hold) on All-Red. Press the **STOP** button to hold All-Red for as long as required. The display will show 'PAUSING'. To resume the AUTO mode, press the **GO** button.

### YELLOW FLASH mode

#### No buttons are active for this mode on the Master, Slave or Remote Control.

This MODE applies to both Shuttle and Plant Crossing

The Flashing Yellow mode operates in response to specific fault conditions or it can also be manually selected. During Flashing Yellow mode, all lights controlled by the Master - and the Master itself - will flash the Yellow signal at a flash rate of sixty flashes per minute.

Note: When the Flashing Mode is selected, it will go though the Startup sequence and then go to Flashing Amber.



PTL OPERATIONS MANUAL

# Manually Setting All-Red, Yellow & Green Times

#### Normally the RED and GREEN TIME ARE SET DURING QUICK START

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#### ALL-RED INTERVAL TIME

Default time: 20 seconds. Range: 5 to 300 seconds.

The All-Red interval is the period of time that the lights on both the Master and Slave units remain on the Red phase simultaneously. This allows for the clearance of traffic within the controlled area. *See Appendix 2 for detailed diagram.* 



#### YELLOW TIME SET

#### Default: 5 seconds. Range: 4 to 9 seconds.

The Yellow time is the duration at which the light on the Master or Slave units is held on the Yellow signal when moving from Green to Red phase. Enter 4 to 9 seconds and then press the button. The Australian Standard allows for 4 to 5 seconds.



#### **GREEN TIME SET**

This button displays a MENU allowing either Minimum Green Time, Green Extension Time or Maximum Green Time to be set.

#### **GREEN TIME - MINIMUM Green Time**

#### Default: 10 seconds. Range: 5 to 99 seconds.

The Minimum Green time is the minimum time that the Green signal phase is on. The Australian Standard allows for a range of 5 to 99 seconds for the minimum green time.

#### **DEMAND Triggered Green Extension Time**

#### Default: 5 seconds. Range: 3 to 99 seconds.

The Green Extension time is the interval of Green phase that will be extended (up to the MAXIMUM Green time) on each occurrence of vehicle detection while the Green phase is active.

For example: units are running in Shuttle Control, DEMAND mode. The Slave is currently on the Red signal phase. A vehicle is detected on the Slave. The Slave will then change to the Green signal phase. The Green extension time applies if additional vehicles are detected on the Slave while it is on the Green signal phase.

Note: Once the MAXIMUM green time is reached but additional DEMANDS are received, the Lights will cycle to Red but a DEMAND will be registered as indicated by the Demand light. See Appendix 1 for illustration.

You can set the Green Extension time for ALL the units currently being used, or you can select to set the Green Extension time for a specific unit.

#### **MAXIMUM Green Time**

#### Default: 15 seconds. Range: 10 to 300 seconds.

The Maximum Green time is the maximum time-period at which an light on the Master or the Slave units can be held on the Green signal phase.



# Auto-Return

Auto-Return is a function that allows for the lights to **return-back** to a specified signal state after they have processed a demand. Auto-Return applies to DEMAND and MANUAL modes.

Options available for Auto-Return:

- **OFF:** Select this option to turn Auto-Return off. *Default setting.*
- **RED:** The Master PTL Auto-Returns to RED after the GREEN signal Phase. For PLANT CROSSING both the Master and Slave Auto-Return to RED.
- **GREEN:** The Master PTL returns to GREEN after the RED signal phase. For PLANT CROSSING both the Master and Slave Auto-Return to GREEN.

Auto return options can be selected by pressing the DEMAND and MANUAL buttons.

The Auto-Return function is shown on the LCD display as:





# Other Menu Items for Basic PTL Operation

While the Controller Key is in the **PROGRAM** position, use the Up **1** or Down **4** buttons to navigate forward and back through the MENU's to select all other programming functions.

Note: for more comprehensive information see the PTL Advanced Function Document.

#### MENU: VIEW PTL STATUS

When this menu item is selected, all the current settings and status of the PTL contoller are shown.

#### MENU: QUICK START

This menu item is used to get your PTL set up in a few simple steps: AS PER PAGE 10.

#### MENU: UNIT SETTINGS

Use this menu to set the Communications and Vehicle Detection settings.

#### MENU: **OPERATING SETTINGS** [for Controller set as Master only]

#### SUB-MENU: OPERATING SETTINGS

#### DEMAND CYCLE [Default: 3 minutes]

In DEMAND mode, if there are no vehicles detected, you can set period of time that an automatic demand cycle is introduced. If the DEMAND CYCLE value is set to 0, no automatic demand cycle will be introduced. Otherwise specify the minutes to wait where no vehicles are detected before introducing an automatic demand cycle.

#### **CONTACT TIME OUT** [Default: 5 Seconds]

Increase this time if RF link fails often (or change RF Channel)

For more menu items under the `Operating settings Menu', see the Advanced features document. This document is not intended to cover all the possible Operating Settings.



# The Remote Control



The Optional Remote Control is used by the operator to control traffic flow when the Master Controller has been set to Manual mode either in Shuttle or Plant-Crossing operation. It is recharged by placing it in the cradle in the Master Control box and connecting the charge cable.

To switch the actual PTL-Remote on, press the button.

The unit will beep twice and the startup screen will appear after a few seconds.

To put the remote into STANDBY mode, lower the remote down on the lanyard. To wake it up lift it up again, or press the () button briefly.

To SHUTDOWN the PTL-Remote, press and hold the () button.

The unit will give a long beep and shut down.





To enter a Demand for either Red or Green signal phase, press the **STOP** or **GO** buttons. On each Demand, the DEMAND LED's will flash to indicate a demand on the Master or the Slave. Refer to previous sections regarding comprehensive use of the Remote Control in various operational modes.

The display screen will indicate whether the Master is in the correct mode to use the Remote Control. It will also show relevant status and time left for a selected phase. The current signal phase on the Master and Slave unit 1 is shown on the Remote Control.

#### Note: There may be a slight delay in the signal phase change shown for the Slave.

When the battery on the Remote Control gets low, a warning message will appear on the display panel. To recharge the Remote Control, plug it into the remote cradle in the Control box on the Master unit and connect the charge cable. When the Remote Control is charging, the battery indicator shows a lightning symbol. Also a green light will come on at the light sensor during actual charging.



#### **BEST USE OF THE PTL-REMOTE**



Proper operation for the PTL-Remote is to **use the lanyard**.

This will prevent the operator from dropping and damaging the unit and allow good operational process.

To make a light change, lift the controller up, make the change and lower it down back on the lanyard. The controller will 'wake up' when lifted up and 'sleep' when lowered down.

This will ensure the longest battery charge duration.

#### SETTING THE RF CHANNEL ON THE REMOTE CONTROL

# THE REMOTE MUST BE SET TO THE SAME CHANNEL AS THE ACTUAL PTL CONTROLLERS

To set the RF Channel on the Remote Control, follow these instructions.

1. Press the

MENU

- button on the bottom/left of the screen to go to settings.
- 2. Press the RF Channel option.
- 3. Enter the new channel number.
- 4. Select the power level. 30% is good for normal conditions. Increase this if you are using the remote a long way from the Master, however this will drain the battery quicker.
- 5. Press the OK button to save.
- 6. To re-start normal operation, press the BACK button.

# RF CHANNELL. Site: Channel: I-J 3 1 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 Image: One of the state of

#### POWER SAVING IN ADDITION TO PROPER USE WITH LANYARD

To preserve power and battery life, set the time for the remote to blank the screen and to power down. Setting these to a low value will preserve battery and increase running time.

#### ADDITIONAL MONITORING

If operating more than two PTL units, slide the Slave AMBER button between the displays for each of the Slave units.







#### For use with Bluetooth enabled phones.

If your Controller is fitted with a Bluetooth interface, this allows for connection to a Bluetooth enabled phone or device. The PTL app can be downloaded from the Apple or Google stores.

You can use your iPhone or Android (Google Apps) enabled phone to become a PTL Remote. The operation range is a lot less than the PTL-Remote unit at typically 10 to 40 Meters, however in a lot of instances this is all that is required to operate the PTL's normally.

> While using this app to operate the portable traffic light equipment as a traffic manager, it is highly recommended that your phone is put into flight mode so you are not distracted by phone calls, notifications, etc.





Search for Data Signs in the App Store and then select PTL.



# Download the PTL App and connect to the Module as per the following steps.

- 1. Press the PTL Icon on you phone, if it is the first time enter the password (*The default is 123456*).
- 2. The Password can be set by using the SD Card in the controller. This is covered later.
- 3. Press Scan on the screen. Your device will now look for the Bluetooth in the PTL.
- 4. Once the PTL is found the Logo and the PTL Serial number will appear on the screen. Press the Logo. The screen will then Prompt for the Password. Enter this and press the Connect button. Your device will now show the Remote operation screen. (Note next time you activate your device to use as a Remote, a password is not needed as it is now stored in the phone)

Note, the light and any other actions work by tapping the screen. i.e. to change to a RED light, double tap the Red light on the screen.

#### Status screen.

The top line shows date and time, if this count is active your device is connected.

The second line shown how many units are connected. i.e. 1 Unit(s).

The third line shows the Mode the PTL is operating as currently, i.e. Gating Control

The fourth Line show the remaining time for the phase. i.e. All Red: 6 Seconds



# The SD Card

The PTL Controller is fitted with a SD card. This is used for Software upgrades and also to set the PIN for Bluetooth devices when used as Remotes.

#### To set or change the Bluetooth PIN.

- 1. Go to datasigns.com.au
- 2. Click on the HelpDesk tab
- From the Apps tab, download the PTL-Stop-n-Go<sup>™</sup> App. Instructions are on the App.

| PTL Stop-N-Go (TM) PTL Stop-N-Go Set Secure PIN | ?<br>) (TM) | × |
|---|-------------|---|
| 1 3 7 6   | 4           | 9 |
| SD Card Drive<br>G:\ - DATASIGN                 | ~           | 3 |
| Set Secure                                      | PIN         |   |

#### APPENDIX 1: PTL CYCLE & PHASE INTERVALS FOR SHUTTLE AND PLANT CROSSING



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#### APPENDIX 2: ALL-RED INTERVAL EXPLAINED

The All-Red interval is the period of time that the aspects on both the Master and Slave units remain on RED (*both the Master and Slave on Red light*).

This allows for the clearance of traffic from within the controlled area. A maximum All-Red time of 300 seconds (5 minutes) can be set, although it is not recommended that this time be used.

The Australian Standard currently only allows for a maximum of 100 seconds. This is due to safety reasons, where drivers may be less inclined to wait at a Red light for a long period of time; i.e. "run the Red".



# Use this chart to determine the minimum All-Red interval to set depending on the distance between the PTL units and the set speed zone.

For example, if the speed limit in the road-work zone is 40 km/h, and the distance between the Master and Slave units is 500 meters, working along the red line to 40km/h, check where that intersects the distance value, to read off the All-Red Time setting which would be 45 seconds.



#### The PTL-RTM Red Light Timer.

This is an optional three digit display that is added beside the Red Aspect which will show the time remaining as a count down sequence.

#### Data Signs

#### PTL OPERATIONS MANUAL

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